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From: IN Engineering Ltd. 51 King St E, Suite 205 Brockville, ON 613-342-2611 andrew@ineng.ca To: Malcolm Norwood <u>mnorwood@rideaulakes.com</u> Project Location: Elgin Municipal Building 24-32 Halladay Street Elgin, ON

May 31, 2021

Introduction

IN Engineering was retained by the Municipality of Rideau Lakes to review the tower of the Elgin Municipal Centre located at 24-32 Halladay Street in Elgin, ON. A structural review was conducted by Mr. Remi-Paul Normand, P.Eng on May 26, 2021. The site visit was limited to a visual review on a preliminary basis.

Background Information

The municipal building houses the municipal library, the town Firehall, as well as the community center. The community centre and tower were built constructed circa 2003. The tower consists of a structural steel frame and brick veneer cladding. The tower is supported on reinforced concrete piers and spread footings. The steel framing is likely boxed in with wood light framing and sheathing.

Since at least 2018 cracks have developed in the brick arches, a contractor installed temporary wood shoring in 2018 to support the brick veneer and prevent further damage.

The municipality has also reported on ponding at the base of the tower due to poor drainage of the site.

Purpose

The purpose of the structural review was to observe and comment on the following items:

- 1. To review the masonry veneer,
- 2. Determine probable causes for failure and repair recommendations, and
- 3. Complete an Engineer's Estimate for repairs.

Methodology

This site review was limited to a visual review only. No non-destructive testing was performed. Based on the preliminary visual review an intrusive investigation may be required during repairs to the masonry.

Photos and notes of the items of concern were recorded during the site visit.



Document Review

At the time of the site visit a set of architectural and structural drawings were provided. The drawings are unstamped and are labeled for Tender. The final construction drawings, specifications, shop drawings were not available for review. The Tender drawings do not bear a stamp of an Architect nor Engineer. No submittals for the masonry were available for review.

Due to the lack of information some assumptions were made in this report which will need to be confirmed on site following an intrusive investigation.

Building Examination

The following notes were recorded during the site visit:

- 1. The thicker bed joint just above the main arch may indicate that there is a straight brick ledger in that location. An intrusive investigation will need to confirm this assumption.
- 2. The cracking pattern above the main arch indicates that the lintel is not completely supporting the arch.
- 3. The cracks in the mortar of the side joint is likely caused by expansion and contraction and a lack of control joints in the masonry. See Figures 7, 21.
- 4. The masonry below the brick shelf angle has failed with large cracks and was in danger of ultimate failure prior to being shored. See Figures 4, 9, 13, 14.
- 5. The brick piers are cracked including the concrete pier. The cracks include cracked mortar and bricks. See Figures 18, 19.

Analysis

The brick arch is too shallow to be a self-supporting arch where the bricks are in complete compression. The piers on each side are not heavy enough to act as abutments to resistance the outward lateral loads caused by a compression arch. The primary structural system is a steel frame and it is suspected the bricks are supported by a brick shelf angle.

The poor drainage in the area may also have caused the subgrade below the footings to be saturated. Typically, saturated soils have half the bearing pressure of well-drained soils. The poor drainage may have caused excessive settlement of the foundation piers and pads. Excessive settlement may have caused the cracks in the masonry piers and concrete foundation.

The masonry was constructed with a lack of control joints in the masonry which may cause some cracking due to the expansion and contraction of the masonry.

Some cracking may have been caused by a lack of drainage for moisture stuck behind the wall. Typical arches and lintels will have weeping holes to prevent moisture from collecting. This structure does not appear to have proper weeping holes. Moisture stuck in the wall can expand and cause cracking as well as exasperated weathering.

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Other failure modes are also possible but not likely. It is possible that not enough brick ties were installed during construction, this would result in a complete replacement. The primary structural system is a steel frame and the masonry are supported by a lintel. It is not suspected that the lateral thrust caused by a compression arch is affecting the primary steel structure.

Discussion

Some of the arch is not supported by the straight lintel which has led to large cracks below the lintel. It is recommended to install a curved steel angle or a concealed arch spline such as the H&B lintel system (see attached). The installation of a curved lintel would prevent the need to completely replace the masonry.

Drainage in the area shall be improved including ensuring the building's perimeter drain is working properly. The cracks in the masonry and concrete piers are to be repaired with a crack repair epoxy. If the cracking continues to worsen then additional retrofits will be required.

Some cracking was caused by thermal expansion and contraction and a lack of control joints. Control joints could be retrofitted on the structure, but this is a specialized an invasive procedure. Retrofit control joints are not recommended at this time and can be installed if the cracks continue to worsen.

Weeping holes shall be retrofitted at the top of the lintels and base of the walls to ensure moisture can escape the cavity.

Recommended Scope of Work:

- 1. Remove masonry around brick lintels and confirm location of ledger angle.
- 2. Install new curved angle lintel or concealed spline lintel.
- 3. Repair and replace masonry to match existing.
- 4. Use crack repair epoxy on minor masonry cracks and cracks in the pier.
- 5. Improve drainage around the base of the tower and confirm perimeter drain is operational.
- 6. Monitor minor cracks for signs of worsening condition.

Cost Estimate

Cost is estimated at AACE Class 5 or less costs may vary from -20% to + 100% depending on the final project scope of work. This estimate may be used for high level budgeting and concept screening of the project.



Conclusions

The probable cause of the large cracking in the masonry is due to improperly supported bricks below the straight lintel. It is recommended that a curved lintel be retrofitted in place to ensure the lintel is properly supported. Other minor cracks can be repaired with crack repair epoxy. The minor cracks shall be continuously monitored for further signs of deterioration. Additional repairs may be required if these cracks worsen. The poor drainage of the site may be causing excessive settlement in the foundation and site drainage shall be improved.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Andrew F. Melchers, UE, M.Eng, P.Eng



Limitations

The contents of this report are based on the information obtained at the time of the review. IN Engineering has used its professional judgement to form opinions, recommendations and conclusions. IN Engineering has performed this review to the standards and best practices determined by the Professional Engineers of Ontario and the practice guideline *Structural Condition Assessments of Existing Buildings and Designed Structures Guideline*. No other warranty or representation is expressed or implied as to the accuracy of the information or recommendations included or intended in this report. This review was limited by a visual structural review only of visually exposed elements. No non-destructive testing nor analysis was performed. Any use of this report by a third party is not permitted. IN Engineering disclaims any liability or responsibility to any person or party for any loss, damage, expense, fine or penalty which may arise or result from the use of any information or recommendation contained in this report.



Figure 1: Satellite view of Elgin Municipal Centre



Figure 2: Overall view of tower.



Figure 3: Side view of tower.



Figure 4: Cracking at top of arch, indicative of improperly installed lintel.



Figure 5: Main arch at top.



Figure 6: Side arch from inside.



Figure 7: Cracks in mortar joint at side arch.



Figure 8: Thicker bed joint on side arch, indication an lintel at this location.



Figure 9: Cracking up to the underside of the assumed location of brick lintel.



Figure 10: Arch span.



Figure 11: Arch height.



Figure 12: Cracked mortar



Figure 13: Lintel failure at main arch.

18



Figure 14: Lintel failure at main arch.



Figure 15: Thicker bed joint indicating unknown lintel.



Figure 16: Main arch.



Figure 17: Brick pier at base.



Figure 18: Cracks in brick pier and concrete pier.



Figure 19: Cracks in brick pier.



Figure 20: Minor cracks at arch.



Figure 21: Cracks at arch due to expansion/contraction.



Figure 22: Side View.





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M/ Ű Larry Gaines _____ المشرقين الم Architect _____i 137 A Bridge Street Carletoa Plana, OH KJC 2V6 T41; (613) 257-8095 Faz: (613) 237-4334 e-mail: galat:@cybertace General Notes; 1. Drawings are not to be scaled. سايد بېدې <u>مېرې لايد</u> ¥----2. All construction to conform to the Onterio Building Code (OBC) 1997 Edition. _____i _________ Ĩ. Tiguit_ $= g_{1} \cdot$ <u>____ii</u>__ ____ بالمتم مستك ____!:___ FRE-RINGHED VETAL STARTER SIRP WORD EDGE Æ
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Larry Gaines Architect 137 A Bridg a Street Carleton Piece, OH KPC 2748 Tek (613) 217-8095 Fea: (613) 257-8334 p-mall; gabra@cyberra General Notes: Drawings are not to be scaled. All construction to conform to the Ontario Building Code (OBC) 1997 Bdition. 뽜 ģ 004 Tender 03/06/03 003 Freim, Review 09/05/03 002 Elsvs. 4 Plan 20/03/03 001 Library 4 Entrance 10/03/03 No. Date Project Title RIDEAU LAKES Community Centre/ Post Office ELGIN, ON. Drawing Title Floor Plan signed By: Larry Gavies Stephen V. Garlick Jan 8, 2003 cale: 1/6* = 1* nh Arrow heet Na. \sim A3 Ŋ

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Home > By Category > Concealed Lintel Systems > Concealed Lintel Systems

Concealed Lintel Systems

DOCUMENTS & DOWNLOADS

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Concealed Lintel Systems Submittal

Specifications

Concealed Lintel Systems (doc file)

Concealed Lintel Systems (pdf file)

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Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

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CAD drawings for our Concealed Lintel Systems are developed based upon individual project requirements. Contact Us to request more information.

Details Related

New! Designed and engineered concealed lintel systems for brickwork

Architects can feel free to incorporate this classic look into prestigious edifices such as Houses of Worship, Libraries, Universities, or wherever the design calls for a statement of timeless and imposing beauty. Virtually any design incorporating flat or arched brickwork can

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be brought to fruition in conjunction with H&B's job-specific concealed lintel systems.

The opportunites for Architectural creativity are virtually limitless, the designer provides the vision and H&B will engineer and fabricate it.

- Hohmann & Barnard will provide all necessary drawings and calculations to achieve a look of remarkable beauty and durability
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- H&B's lintel systems leave all steel supports unexposed, thus:
 - No future maintenance is required.
 - Nothing comes between the original architectural idea and the aesthetically pleasing end result.

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SECTION 040523.23 – CONCEALED LINTEL SYSTEM

TIPS:

This document includes **Specifier/Editor Notes** in hidden text. For instructions on how to view nonprinting **Specifier/Editor Notes** that provide guidance for editing, click on the link below: www.bim.net/displaying-hidden-text-in-microsoft-word-step-by-step-instructions-for-windows-and-mac/.

Revise this Section by adding, changing, and deleting text to meet Project-specific requirements.

DISCLAIMER:

Information contained in this specification conforms to standard detail and product recommendations for the installation of the specified products as of the date of publication of this document and is presented in good faith. Hohmann & Barnard and its affiliates assumes no liability, expressed or implied, as to the architecture, engineering or workmanship of any project. Visit our website at www.h-b.com or contact Hohmann & Barnard for the most current information.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Concealed lintel system and accessories.
 - 2. Steel plates, brackets, and anchors for placement in masonry work.
- B. Products Installed but not Furnished under This Section:
 - 1. Mortar and grout.
- C. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Division 04 Section for "Unit Masonry" for preparation of masonry supports to receive components in this Section.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at [Project site] <Insert location>.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
 - 1. Indicate component profiles, sizes, and configurations.
 - 2. Show locations and details of anchors, connection attachments, size and type of fasteners, reinforcing, and accessories.
 - 3. Indicate welded connections using standard welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
- C. Design Data: Submit manufacturer's design data and structural calculations, signed and sealed by qualified Professional Engineer.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For [Installer] [and] [professional engineer].
- B. Welding certificates.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing assemblies similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Designer Qualifications: Professional Engineer experienced in design of assemblies similar to that required for this Project and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to [AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel] [AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code -Aluminum] [AWS D1.3/D1.3M, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel] [and] [AWS D1.6/D1.6M, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel]."
- D. Mockups: Build mockups to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockup of concealed lintel system [as shown on Drawings] [as directed by Architect].
 - 2. Approval of mockups is for color, texture, and blending of masonry units; relationship of mortar and sealant colors to masonry unit colors; tooling of joints; and aesthetic qualities of workmanship.
 - a. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover with waterproof sheeting, securely tied.
- B. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.
- C. Deliver materials to Project site in original factory packaging labeled with manufacturer's name, product name and designation.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of components that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry so as not to interfere with anchors or reinforcement.
- B. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Concealed Lintel System as manufactured by Hohmann & Barnard.
- B. Substitution Limitations: [Not permitted.] [Comply with provisions of Division 01 Section for "SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES."]

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Division 01 Section for "Quality Requirements," to design concealed lintel assembly.
- B. Structural Performance: Concealed lintel assembly shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
 - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated.
- C. Seismic Performance: Concealed lintel assembly shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to [ASCE/SEI 7] <Insert requirement>.
 - 1. Component Importance Factor: [1.5] [1.0].
- D. Limit deflection in each assembly caused by indicated loads and thermal movements, acting singly or in combination with one another, to not more than [1/720] <Insert ratio> of assembly's clear span or the following, whichever is smaller:

- 1. 1/16 inch (1.5 mm), measured in plane of wall.
- 2. 1/4 inch (6 mm), measured perpendicular to wall.
- E. Corrosion and Staining Control: Prevent galvanic and other forms of corrosion as well as staining by isolating metals and other materials from direct contact with incompatible materials. Materials shall not stain exposed surfaces of stone and joint materials.

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Fabricate components from hot-dip galvanized steel, ASTM A 36/A 36M for materials and ASTM A 123/A 123M for galvanizing.
- B. Fabricate anchors from stainless steel, ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, [Type 304]
 [Type 316]; temper as required to support loads imposed without exceeding allowable design stresses. Fabricate dowels and pins for anchors from stainless steel, ASTM A 276, [Type 304]
 [Type 316].

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate components to comply with performance requirements with allowances for field adjustments.
- B. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- C. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm) unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- D. Weld shop connections to comply with applicable provisions of AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Hot-dip galvanize after fabrication to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M.

2.5 FINISHES

A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel products.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify dimensions, tolerances, and method of attachment to other work.

- 2. Verify that substrates are free of substances that impair mortar bond.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Provide temporary bracing or shoring per manufacturer's written instructions and as required to conform with design loads.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners as indicated in approved shop drawings where concealed lintel assembly is to be fastened to in-place construction.
- B. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

3.4 CONCEALED LINTEL INSTALLATION

- A. Anchor concealed lintel assembly to in-place construction complying with manufacturer's written instructions and approved shop drawings.
- B. Install components level, plumb, and true to line.
- C. Remove temporary bracing or shoring after mortar has reached design compressive strength after 28 days minimum.

3.5 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

- A. Variation from Plumb: For vertical lines and surfaces of walls, do not exceed 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m), or 3/8 inch in 40 feet (10 mm in 12 m) or more.
- B. Variation from Level: For lintels, do not exceed 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m), or 3/8 inch (10 mm) maximum.

3.6 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Replace damaged or defective work, complying with other requirements, and showing no evidence of replacement.
- B. Final Cleaning: Clean masonry no fewer than six days after completion of work, using clean water and stiff-bristle fiber brushes. Do not use wire brushes, acid-type cleaning agents, cleaning agents containing caustic compounds or abrasives, or other materials or methods that could damage masonry.

END OF SECTION 040523.23

Retrofit Movement Joints - Falcon Structural Repairs Ltd

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RETROFIT MOVEMENT JOINTS

Cracking due to thermal expansion and contraction of brickwork is a common problem in buildings originally constructed with no movement joints. Falcon form movement joints at strategic locations to control the effects of expansion and contraction whilst providing an aesthetically pleasing appearance. Joints are neatly finished with waterproof polysulphide sealants and are often concealed behind downpipes to reduce the visual impact.

Resin bonded or mechanical cavity ties are first installed on either side of the proposed joint at regular intervals in order to ensure that adequate lateral restraint of the brickwork is maintained. Temporary guide strips are secured to the wall to ensure that a true vertical line is achieved while cutting the joint. The joint is then formed using a diamond disc cutter with a vacuum fitting to reduce the dust generated. The brickwork is cut to the full depth of the external skin and a suitable joint filler such as expanded polyethylene foam is then inserted. A bond-breaking strip is placed over the joint filler, and the external face of the joint is finally sealed using an external grade polysulphide sealant of the appropriate composition for the width of joint and colour for the surrounding brickwork/pointing.

- 1. Cracking resulting from thermal expansion and contraction
 - 2. Cavity tie installation to restrain brickwork
 - 3. With expanded polyethylene foam filler
 - 4. Priming prior to installing sealant
 - 5. Application of sealant
 - 6. Finished movement joint

Retrofit Movement Joints - Falcon Structural Repairs Ltd

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Congratulations to out going chair Ron Mace and looking forward to Sarah Dodds and Liam Hanlon (new chair and VC) for the next two years work @_ASUC @SubsForum look closely you will see @RobWithers2 and ASUC chair Ross King on board @FSRLtd. Watford 01923 221 111 Bristol 01275 844 889 Wickford 01268 766 476 Leatherhead 01372 370 040

28 May 2021

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